

# SYMPLECTIC AND POISSON GEOMETRY I

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## 1. SYMPLECTIC LINEAR ALGEBRA

- (1) Symplectic forms and presymplectic forms
- (2) Normal form theorem
- (3) Weak and strong infinite-dimensional symplectic spaces
- (4) The symplectic orthogonal space
- (5) Symplectic, isotropic, coisotropic, and Lagrangian subspaces
- (6) Lagrangian splittings
- (7) Linear symplectic reduction
- (8) Canonical relations, their composition and the extended linear symplectic category.
- (9) Kähler structures
- (10) The Lagrangian Grassmannian

## 2. SYMPLECTIC MANIFOLDS

- (1) Generalities (definitions, symplectomorphisms, Liouville's volume form)
- (2) Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics; the Legendre transformation of hyperregular Lagrangians
- (3) Moser's trick
- (4) Darboux and Darboux–Weinstein theorems
- (5) Classification of compact symplectic surfaces
- (6) Presymplectic (sub)manifolds and reduction
- (7) Symplectic, isotropic, coisotropic, and Lagrangian submanifolds
- (8) Example: The space of solution of a Hamiltonian system
- (9) Reduction of Lagrangian submanifolds intersecting coisotropic submanifolds
- (10) Canonical relations; composition thereof; the extended symplectic “category”
- (11) Generating functions and Morse families
- (12) Example: (deformed) conormal bundles in cotangent bundles
- (13) The Legendre mapping; the generalized Legendre transform
- (14) (Almost) Kähler structures

## 3. DISTRIBUTIONS AND FOLIATIONS

- (1) Involutive and integrable distributions
- (2) Frobenius theorem
- (3) The leaf space
- (4) Basic forms
- (5) Singular distributions (after Stefan–Sussmann)
- (6) Lie algebroids
- (7) Lie groupoids

## 4. REDUCTION AND SYMMETRY

- (1) Algebraic description of reduction
- (2) Symplectic and Hamiltonian vector fields
- (3) Symplectic actions of Lie groups
- (4) Symplectic, Hamiltonian and Poisson actions of Lie algebras; moment maps; obstructions (Digression: Lie algebra cohomology)
- (5) Marsden–Weinstein reduction
- (6) Noether’s Theorem
- (7) Infinite-dimensional examples:  $BF$  theories, Chern–Simons theory, Maxwell’s equations

## 5. POISSON GEOMETRY

- (1) Motivations, definitions and examples; Poisson algebras
- (2) Digression: The Schouten–Nijenhuis bracket
- (3) Poisson cohomology and its interpretation up to second degree
- (4) Canonical actions of Lie groups and quotients
- (5) Poisson and Hamiltonian vector fields
- (6) Coisotropic submanifolds and reduction; algebraic description (“coisotropes”); examples
- (7) Symplectic groupoids and the integration of Poisson manifolds
- (8) Twisted symplectic groupoids and twisted Poisson manifolds

## 6. CANONICAL QUANTIZATION

- (1) Schrödinger’s quantization of  $T^*\mathbb{R}^n$
- (2) Schrödinger’s equation; position and momentum operators; the ordering problem
- (3) Expectation values; Ehrenfest’s Theorem; the “correspondence principle”
- (4) Heisenberg’s uncertainty principle
- (5) Schrödinger’s and Heisenberg’s pictures
- (6) The momentum description

- (7) The harmonic oscillator; creation and annihilation operators
- (8) Problems of canonical quantization; “quantization as a functor”; Dirac’s dream; the Groenewald–van Howe Theorem

### 7. GEOMETRIC QUANTIZATION

- (1) Prequantization and the integrality condition (Digression: line bundles, connection, curvature, Chern class)
- (2) The integral Hall effect
- (3) Prequantization and representations of Lie algebras
- (4) Prequantization of the Poisson algebra of functions
- (5) Polarizations
- (6) Holomorphic quantization and the Riemann–Roch Theorem
- (7) The Schrödinger equation
- (8) Half densities; distributional states; the metaplectic correction
- (9) Quantization and reduction; introduction to the  $[Q, R]$ -conjecture
- (10) Lagrangian submanifolds and states; Weinstein’s dream
- (11) Problems of geometric quantization

### 8. PATH-INTEGRAL QUANTIZATION

- (1) Motivations
- (2) From the Schrödinger equation to the path integral
- (3) From the path integral to the Schrödinger equation
- (4) The semiclassical limit
- (5) Perturbation theory
- (6) Introduction to field theory, functional integrals, regularization, and renormalization
- (7) Degenerate critical points

### 9. DEFORMATION QUANTIZATION

- (1) Motivations and definitions
- (2) The Moyal product
- (3) The Gutt product
- (4) Path integrals and deformation quantization of cotangent bundles
- (5) Introduction to the A-model and to the Poisson sigma model
- (6) The star-Schrödinger equation
- (7) Fourier–Dirichlet expansion, spectra, and dependence on the star product
- (8) Introduction to the BRST method in deformation quantization

## REFERENCES

- [1] S. Bates, A. Weinstein, *Lectures on the Geometry of Quantization*, Berkeley Mathematics Lecture Notes **8** (AMS, 1997).
- [2] A. Cannas da Silva, *Lectures on Symplectic Geometry*, Lecture Notes in Mathematics **1764** (Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 2001).
- [3] A. Cannas da Silva, A. Weinstein, *Geometric Models for Noncommutative Algebras*, Berkeley Mathematics Lecture Notes **10** (AMS, 1999).
- [4] R. P. Feynman, A. R. Hibbs, *Quantum Mechanics and Path Integrals* (McGraw-Hill, New York, 1965).
- [5] K. C. H. Mackenzie, *General Theory of Lie Groupoids and Lie Algebroids* (Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2005).
- [6] J.-P. Ortega, T. Ratiu, *Moment Maps and Hamiltonian Reduction*, Progress in Mathematics **222** (Birkhäuser Boston, Inc., Boston, MA, 2004).
- [7] N. M. J. Woodhouse, *Geometric quantization*, Second edition, Oxford Mathematical Monographs, Oxford Science Publications (The Clarendon Press, Oxford University Press, New York, 1992).